

A P P E N D I X E S

## APPENDIX IA:

## SCHOLARLY ADVISORS OF ESARHADDON AND ASSURBANIPAL

This appendix gives a survey on two successive generations of ancient scholars, employed by King Esarhaddon around 670 B.C. and by his successor Assurbanipal 20 years later. The latter group is well enough defined in an Assyrian administrative document, and it suffices here to give a transliteration and a translation of that text, with necessary complementary notes. The former group must be reconstructed on the ground of the scattered (but ample) evidence of contemporary letters, reports, and official records. Grounds for assigning individual scholars to this group are not explicitly stated in the following list, but each case can relatively easily be verified by means of the material presented elsewhere in this book (the scholars treated in the chapter on the prosopography are recognizable by the fact that only their names, without any additions, are cited; asterisks refer to appendices 1B and 2B; references to sources and necessary details are given in other cases). Persons whose classification is uncertain are enclosed in parentheses (e.g., *unidentified* senders of astrological reports, especially if the reports are not very numerous, are not necessarily 'scribes', since reports originated also from haruspices, exorcists, chanters, priests, and officials). Scholars demonstrably of Babylonian origin are followed by a B in ellipses.

Further comments on this appendix are not necessary, but attention may be drawn to two facts that stand out even on a superficial comparison of the two groups: the absence of interpreters of dreams in the circle of Esarhaddon's scholars (cf. Introduction, p. 1), and the change of personnel effected by the intervening 20 years (only 6 of Esarhaddon's scholars are still in there office in 650 B.C.). If one were to reconstruct the circle of scholars serving Sennacherib in the year 690 B.C., a parallel situation would probably become apparent (the influential scholarly posts were then occupied by persons called Kalbu, Nabû-zuqup-kēni, Dadâ, etc.). Twenty years may perhaps be assumed as the average length of the career of an Assyrian scholar.

1. *Scholars serving Esarhaddon around 670 B.C.*

<b>SCRIBES</b>	N a b ū - z ē r u - l ī ū e r , chief scribe I š t a r - ū ū m u - ē r e ū , chief scribe	-	-
Balas̄			
Bēl-nāṣer* (B)			
Bēl-uṣēzib* (B) <sup>1</sup>			
(Marduk-šāpik-zēri*) (B) cf. Šāpiku			
Nabû-ahhēr-eriba			
Nabû-nušēzib*			
Tāb-silli-Marduk* (B) cf. Tābīja			

<sup>1</sup> A.L. Oppenheim, *Centaurus* 14 (1969), p. 105, suggests that Bēl-uṣēzib was stationed somewhere in Babylonia, possibly in Sippur. The correct location is evident from K. 1353 where Bēl-uṣēzib explicitly states that four elders from Nippur are "here in Nineveh" to visit the king. M. Dietrich (*WO* 4 [1968] 234 and recently *AOAT* 7, p. 68) reads, instead of Nineveh (written *Ni-na-a*<sup>KL</sup>) as usual in Neo-Babylonian texts), Niñā and connects

*not residing in the court:*

Nineveh:	Nabû-šumu-iddina
Calah:	Bābū-šumu-iddina
Assur:	Akkullānu
	Nabû'a
Arbela:	Ištar-nādin-apli
Babylon:	Mār-Ištar
	Rāši-di* (B)
	Šuma-iddin* (B)
	Tābīja* (B)
	Zākir* (B)
Barsip:	Aplā* (B)
	Nabû-iq̄ṣa* (B)
	Šāpiku* (B)
Cutha:	Nabû-iq̄bi* (B)
Dilbat:	Nabû-ahhēr-iddin* (B)
Uruk:	Aḥhēšā

*somewhere in Assyria:*

Bamāju*
Bullutu*
Nergal-Šumu-iddina

*somewhere in Babylonia:*

Ašarēdu* (B)
Nabû-Šuma-iškun* (B)
Nergal-ēṭer* (B)
Munnabitu* (B)

*sending occasionally astrological reports:*

(Aššur-nāṣer*)
(Aššur-Sarrāni*)
(Adad-Šumu-uṣur see exorcists)
(Aššur-Šumu-iddina*)
(Bēl-ēṭer* see exorcists)
(Bēl-upalhīr* see haruspices)
(Bēl-Šuma-iškun* see appeasers)
(Marduk-Šumu-uṣur see haruspices)
(Nādinu* see haruspices)
(Rimūtu* see exorcists)
(Šumā* see exorcists)
(Urad-Ea see appeasers)

this with the old Sumerian city of Nina which flourished in the 3rd millennium B.C. This interpretation seems unlikely in the light of ABL 895 = RMA 274, a report of Bēl-uṣēzib on a lunar eclipse which he had been observing "in the capital, (i.e.) the city where the king lives" (URU BAL URU ū LUG AL ina ḥib-bi aš-hu, obv. 4,5).

## EXORCISTS

Marduk-šumūni, chief exorcist  
Adad-šummu-uṣur, king's exorcist

Balāssu (B) LAS 238 r4  
Bēl-nāṣer (B) LAS 4:7, 174 r10  
Nabū-gāmil  
Nabū-lē'ūtī LAS 174 r9, 223 r6, 13  
Nabū-murib-ahī LAS 174 r6  
Nabū-nādin-šumi  
Nabū-nāṣer  
Ninurta-aha-iddin\* (B)  
Rūmūtu\* (B) cf. LAS 174 r4  
Šumā (B) cf. LAS 174 r7, 238 r1  
Urad-Gula

*not living in Nineveh:*

Bēl-lē'ī\* son of Egibi\* (B)  
Nabū-šuma-lišer\* (B): cf. ABL 276 r6 with ABL 263

## HARUSPICES

Marduk-šummu-uṣur, chief haruspex

Aqarā\* (B) AGS 98, 108  
Balāssu (B) AGS 48  
Bāni AGS 108, 119  
Bēl-ipus (B) RMA 18 r3  
Bēl-šallim\* (B): cf. AGS 8, 9, 54, 57, 98  
Kāśiru AGS 48  
Kudurru (B) K.3034+ r15 (WO 4 95); AGS 48  
Nabū-ahbē-uballīt AGS 119, 145  
Nabū-(u)šallim AGS 46, 48, 118  
Nādīnu\* (B): cf. AGS 55  
Nāširu (B): AGS 6, 48, 98, 108, 145; PRT 1, 17  
Marduk-šumu-ibni AGS 108  
Šāš LAS 115:12, AGS 35 (written *Iša-<s>i>-ja*)  
Sukinu AGS 48  
Tabnī

## PHYSICIANS

Urad-Nanā, chief physician  
Bāni, Deputy of the chief physician

Aḥa-šubši (B) K.3034+ r17 (WO 4 95)

Ikkāru  
Nabū-tabnī-uṣur

## APPEASERS

Urad-Ea, king's galmaḥu

Bēl-summa-rišum\* (B)  
Marduk-nāṣer (B) ABL 1321+ r2 (WO 4 96)

## AUGURS

no names preserved, but cf. LAS 2

## 2. Scholars serving Assurbanipal around 650 B.C.

K.1276 = ADD 851, with partial duplicate Sm. 471 (unp.); cf. B. Landsberger, BBEA, p. 14 note 8; G. van Driel, *The Cult of Assur*, p. 55 note 18; and A.L. Oppenheim, Centaurus 14 (1969), p. 100. For the dating of this document see Introduction, p. 32, note 3.

		Transliteration	Translation
Col. I	1	<i>I</i> <sub>15</sub> -MU-APIN-eš	İstar-šumu-ēreş
	2	<i>I</i> <sub>18</sub> -PAPMEŠ	Nādin-ahbē
	3	<i>I</i> <sub>Ba</sub> -la-su	Balāssu
	4	<i>I</i> DÙ-na-aja	Bunāja
	5	<i>I</i> Ki-sr̄-dPA	Kiser-Nabû
	6	<i>I</i> E-tel-pu	Etelpu
	7	[DN]-KAR-er	[DN]-ēter
	8	[PAP 7 A.B]A MES	[total 7 scribes]
	9	[I . . . ]-NUMUN	[. . . ]-zēri
	10	[I]EN-DÙ-u	[Bēl-ēpu]š
	11	[. . . ]-aja	[. . . ]-āja
	12	[. . . ]-BU-u	[. . . ]bu'
	13	[Ku]-nu-aja	[Ku]nāja
	14	[Id]PĀ-sa-kip	Nabû-sākip
	15	[I]Rēm-u-tú	Rēmūtu
	16	[I]EN-ū-še-zib	Bēl-ušēzib
	17	[I]PAP-NUNUZ-GIŠ	Nabû-per'u-lišer
	18	PAP 9! MAŠ-MAŠMES	total 9 exorcists
Col. II	1	<i>I</i> aqar-a	Aqarā
	2	<i>I</i> Ba-ni-i	Bāni
	3	<i>I</i> Zi-zi-i	Zizî
	4	<i>I</i> dš̄-MU-PAP	Marduk-šumu-uṣur
	5	<i>I</i> dpA-SUM-A	Nabû-nādin-apli
	6	PAP 5 HALMEŠ	total 5 haruspices
	7	<i>I</i> Qur-di-Arba-il	Qurdī-Arba'il
	8	<i>I</i> dpA-u-a	Nabū'a
	9	<i>I</i> dpA-PAPMEŠ-TI	Nabû-ahbē-uballīt
	10	<i>I</i> dmAšš-bal-lit-su	Ninurta-ballissu
	11	<i>I</i> as-qu-du	Asqudu
	12	<i>I</i> 30-MAN-PAP	Sin-šarru-uṣur
	13	<i>I</i> dpA-MU-AS	Nabû-šumu-iddina
	14	<i>I</i> Bu-uq-lu	Biqlu
	15	<i>I</i> ši-ḥu-ru	Şihurrū
	16	PAP 9 A[Z]U MEŠ	total 9 physicians

*Transliteration**Translation*

Col. III	1	<i>IdpA-NUMUN-AS</i>	Nabû-zêru-iddina
	2	<i>Iza-ki-ru</i>	Zâkîru
	3	<i>Igo-TI-su-‡</i>	Sîn-balâssu-iqbî
	4	<i>IdpA-MAN-a-ni</i>	Nabû-zarrâni
	5	<i>IdpA-EN-MU MEŠ</i>	Nabû-bil-šumâti
	6	<i>IMar-duk</i>	Marduk
	7	PAP 6 UŠ.KUMEŠ	total 6 appeasers
	8	<i>IdIGLU-DU-PAPMEŠ</i>	Nergal-bâni-abhê
	9	<i>I-SPU-te</i>	Ispute
	10	<i>ISUJUS-d15</i>	Išdîl-lstar
	11	PAP 3 <i>da-gûl MUŠEN</i>	total 3 augurs
	12	<i>I[x]ši-i</i>	[ ]ši
	13	<i>Ira-a'-si-i</i>	Ra'ši
Col. IV	1	<i>ISi-hu-u</i>	Šihû
	2	PAP 3 <i>har-ti-bi</i>	total 3 dream interpreters
	3	<i>IHu-u-ru</i>	Hûru
	4	<i>INi-mur-a-u</i>	Nimmura'u
	5	<i>Išu-u-a-su</i>	Šû'ašu
	6	3 A.BA MEŠ	3 Egyptian
	7	<i>Mu-sur-aje</i>	scribes
	8	ITU AB UD 16.KÂM	Kanûnu 16th, [650 B.C.]

## Notes

I have not been able to collate the tablet, and therefore some uncertain readings remain.

I 8. John's copy in ADD has ]+UD AN BE; the reading suggested by Oppenheim, loc. cit., [PAP 7 A.BA] UD AN BE, "total 7 scribes" of Enûma Anu Enlîl" (i.e., astrologers), is possible, but rather unlikely, since *Enlîl* is to my knowledge never written with mere BE in NA texts. Note also that in all other instances the totals are followed by a MEŠ (I 18, II 6.16, III 7, IV 6), for which there is no place in the breach.

I 9f. Cf. Sm. 471 which has the following entry for exorcists (obv. 1-3): *Ina-si-ru* 2 *IEN-DU-uš* 3 PAP 2 *LU<sup>\*</sup>-MAS.MAS<sup>\*</sup>MEŠ*.

I 13. Restored from ABL 447:15; uncertain.

I 15 ff. Cf. ABL 447 r6 *IRe-mu-tu*, r8 *IEN-ú-še-zib*, r16 *Ip-e-er-·u*, all engaged with exorcistic rituals.

I 18. Collated by G. van Driel, loc. cit.

II 1-6. In this list of haruspices are missing at least Ninu-âju (who was the chief haruspex according to PRT 116), Danâ (PRT 110 etc) and Nergal-šarru-uṣur (PRT 124 etc.).

II 10. Instead of *IdpA-bal-lit-su* (copy Johns), Sm. 471:4 (copy Bezold) has *IdpA-MAS-DIN-su* which has to be preferred.

II 15. Cf. *ISi-hur-ru* Sm. 471:5.

III 12. The broken sign could be, according to the copy of Johns, either *{gi}* or *{zi}*.

## APPENDIX 1B:

## BIBLIOGRAPHY OF RELATED TEXTS

## 1. Letters from Babylonian scholars

NAME	TENT	CONTENTS
Aḥhêšâ	K.4670 + BM 99229 (WO 4 227)	consecration of priests
	Sm.1186 (ABL 1062)	broken
Aplâ	K.523 (ABL 324)	salutation
Aqarâ	Bu.91-5.9.23 (ABL 1259)	petition
Ašarêdu	K.478 (ABL 254)	salutation
	K.552 (ABL 255)	acquisitions for the royal library
	83-1-18.869 (ABL 743)	broken
	K.10736 (WO 4 208)	astrological
Ašarêdu qatnu	83-1-18.210 (ABL 796 = RMA 274C)	astrological
	81-2-4.485 (ABL 765)	astrological
	K.772 (ABL 895 = RMA 274)	astrological
	K.1353 (WO 4 234 ff)	astrol. + political
	K.4684 (WO 4 240)	astrol. + political
	K.6118 (WO 4 237)	political
	K.10120 + K.16127 (ABL 1344 + WO 4 242)	astrological
	K.13191 (RMA 277AE)	astrological
	K.15101 + 83-1-18.47 (WO 4 233f + ABL 1109 = RMA 90)	astrol. + political
	Rm.280 (WO 4 239f)	petition
	Rm.561 (ABL 1183)	astrological
	82-5-22.105 (ABL 1216)	astrol. + historical
	83-1-18.1 (ABL 1237)	astrol. + political
	83-1-18.394 (WO 4 240)	astrological
	Ki.1904-10.9.15 (ABL 1373)	astrol. + political
	K.154 (ABL 276)	astrol. and magical allusions
	K.3034 + K.7655 (WO 4 95)	astrological omens, enumeration of scholars
Kudurru	K.5440a + 82-5-22.123 (ABL 1321 + WO 4 96) similar to K.3034+	
	K.5463 (ABL 928)	petition
Nunnabitu	K.7455 (WO 4 219f)	broken
Nabû-iqbî	Rm.198 (ABL 1410)	astrological
	81-2-4.91 (WO 4 221f)	petition
	83-1-18.132 (WO 4 220f)	petition
	K.825 (ABL 263)	allusion to a magical ritual
Nergal-ēter	K.1055 (ABL 228)	petition
	K.22 (ABL 334)	acquisitions for the royal library
Ninurta-aya-iddin	K.559 (ABL 335)	broken

NAME	TEXT	CONTENTS	Bulluṭu	
Rāṣī-ili	K.474 (ABL 496) K.545 (ABL 497) K.646 (ABL 498) K.1002 (ABL 499) 83-1-18.3 (ABL 475) Bu.91-5-9,39 (ABL 501)	cultic matters cultic matters decoration of divine statues petition cf. K.474 denunciation	K.742 (RMA 196) K.787 (RMA 256A) K.1334 (RMA 114) K.1375 (RMA 229B) Rm.204 (RMA 131) 81-2-4.133 (RMA 1)	82-5-22.83 (RMA 4) 83-1-18.183 (RMA 76) 83-1-18.184 (RMA 77) 83-1-18.185 (RMA 3) 83-1-18.198 (RMA 232)
Rāṣī-ili son of Nurzānu	K.1303 (ABL 500)	petition, to the crown prince	Ištar-šumu-ēreš	K.3504 (RMA 198)
Šuma-iddin	K.4789 (ABL 968) 81-2-4.417 (WO 4 217) 83-1-18.32 (WO 4 215f)	building operations broken	K.115 (unp.) K.124 (RMA 267) K.696 (RMA 7) K.697 (RMA 128) K.728 (RMA 244) K.731 (RMA 206) K.733 (RMA 168) K.765 (RMA 255) K.773 (RMA 1360) K.788 (RMA 31) K.966 (RMA 277L) K.1321 (RMA 252E)	K.12555 (RMA 262B) Rm.193 (RMA 157D = ABL 1409) Rm.200 (RMA 159) Rm.212 (RMA 136P) 80-7-19.57 (RMA 93) 81-7-27.19 (RMA 257) 82-5-22.55 (RMA 247) 83-1-18.224 (RMA 21A) 83-1-18.287 (RMA 264) Bu.91-5-9,14 (RMA 21) Ki.1904-10-9.32 (unp.) Ki.1904-10-9.268 (unp.)
Tāb-ṣilli-Marduk	TKSM 21/676 (BBEA 7ff)	cultic and political matters	rab tūpšarrī (= Ištar-šumu-ēreš)	K.693 (RMA 58) K.715 (RMA 259) K.779 (RMA 266) Rm.203 (RMA 74) Rm.211 (RMA 275)
Zākir	K.1393 (ABL 1448 = RMA 58) K.467 (ABL 137) 81-2-4.77 (ABL 702)	astrological	Marduk-šumu-uṣur	K.1460 (RMA 252F)
anonymous	83-1-18.7 (ABL 477)	astrological	Nabû-abḥē-erība	K.692 (RMA 73) K.705 (RMA 43) K.736 (RMA 139) K.740 (RMA 106) K.748 (RMA 248) K.781 (RMA 180) K.782 (RMA 204) K.839 (RMA 271A) K.864 (RMA 98) K.865 (RMA 274E) K.868 (RMA 238) K.877 (RMA 84) K.984 (RMA 274H) K.1317 (RMA 191) K.1326 (RMA 252D = ABL 1447) K.1508 (RMA 141) K.2327 (RMA 235D) K.8432 (RMA 57)
name broken	K.895 (ABL 954) K.5439a (WO 4 211) 83-1-18.60 (ABL 1113)	astrological, petition		K.1073 (RMA 42) Sm.1974 (RMA 62) 81-2-4.79 (RMA 70) 81-2-4.86 (RMA 209) 81-2-4.109 (RMA 244C) 81-2-4.287 (RMA 229) 82-5-22.52 (RMA 96) 82-5-22.79 (RMA 236H) 83-1-18.189 (RMA 54) 83-1-18.190 (RMA 51) 83-1-18.197 (RMA 112) 83-1-18.204 (RMA 212) 83-1-18.227 (RMA 179) 83-1-18.236 (RMA 236G) 83-1-18.297 (RMA 246G) 83-1-18.314 (RMA 81G) 83-1-18.317 (RMA 216A) 83-1-18.320 (RMA 274G)
2. Astrological reports				
a) From Assyrian writers				
Adad-šumu-uṣur	K.730 (RMA 135)	Sm.1179 (RMA 136F)		
Akkullānu	K.694 (RMA 166) K.702 (RMA 272A) K.747 (RMA 235) K.1007 (RMA 87A) K.1304 (RMA 89)	Rm.208 (RMA 144B) 83-1-18.191 (RMA 138A) 83-1-18.205 (RMA 34) 83-1-18.228 (RMA 144) Bu.89-4-26.159 (RMA 36)		
Assūr-nāṣer	K.920 (unp.)			
Assūr-sarrāni	K.775 (RMA 16)	Rm.207 (RMA 175)		
Assūr-šumu-iddina	K.985 (unp.)	-		
Balasî	K.86 (RMA 91) K.703 (RMA 119) K.706 (RMA 140) K.712 (RMA 88) K.774 (RMA 68) K.784 (RMA 8) K.786 (RMA 254) K.795 (RMA 138) K.855 (RMA 234A)	K.1301 (RMA 277F) K.1323+ (RMA 256B) K.1333 (RMA 2740) K.1335+ (RMA 55 = ABL 993) K.11046 (RMA 136Q) Sm.1027 (RMA 171) 83-1-18.191 (RMA 138A) 83-1-18.207 (RMA 274H) 83-1-18.208A (RMA 208A)		
Bamāju	K.92 (RMA 127) K.718 (RMA 161) K.364 (RMA 99) K.371 (RMA 135)	83-1-18.246 (RMA 102) Bu.89-4-26.37 (RMA 81B) Bu.91-5-9,8 (RMA 156)	Sm.375 (RMA 103) Sm.1043 (RMA 258)	Bu.91-5-9,34 (RMA 246B) Bu.91-5-9,102 (RMA 237)

Nabû-mušēši	K.120A (RMA 94) K.704 (RMA 228) K.710 (RMA 200) K.719 (RMA 174) K.725 (RMA 205) K.767 (RMA 136E) K.801 (RMA 118) K.866 (RMA 157)	K.876 (RMA 136L) K.1318 (RMA 206A) K.14563 (unp.) Sm.1664 (RMA 6A) 80-7-19.54 (RMA 61) 81-2-4.380 (RMA 244D) 82-5-22.78 (RMA 217) 83-1-18.310 (RMA 266B)	b) From Babylonian writers			
Nabû'a of Assur	K.184 (ABL 817) K.716 (ABL 819) K.720 (ABL 820) K.792 (ABL 821) K.802 (ABL 822) K.1368 (ABL 823)	K.13116 (ABL 824) Rm.205 (ABL 825) 82-5-22.37 (ABL 826) 83-1-18.192 (ABL 827) Bu.91-5-9.6 (ABL 828) Ki.1904-10-9.215 (unp.)	Mb̄b̄zā	K.840 (RMA 13) K.1389 (RMA 252) K.13087+ (RMA 203)		
Šumāju	K.121 (RMA 207) K.695 (RMA 169) K.713 (RMA 80)	K.8960 (RMA 274D) 83-1-18.222 (RMA 111) 83-1-18.298 (RMA 246D)	Ašarēdu 1) maḫrū	K.172 (RMA 46) K.714 (RMA 132) K.723 (RMA 197) K.758 (RMA 211) K.987 (RMA 190A) K.1236 (RMA 277M)		
Urad-Ea	K.853 (RMA 256C) K.1383 (RMA 72)	K.1403 (RMA 100)	2) qatnu	K.861 (RMA 216) K.874 (RMA 27) K.1238+ (RMA 32) K.1394 (RMA 187A) Sm.86 (RMA 29) 79-7-8.100 (RMA 172)		
anonymous	K.727 (RMA 165) K.804 (RMA 40) K.848 (unp.) D.T.148 (RMA 129)	82-5-22.60 (RMA 9) 83-1-18.240 (RMA 136 I) 83-1-18.286 (RMA 136 B) Bu.89-4-26.3 (RMA 192)	3) unspecified	K.735 (RMA 231) K.1312 (RMA 136D) K.737 (RMA 133) K.753 (RMA 228) K.768 (RMA 249) K.806 (RMA 187) K.873 (RMA 252A) K.955 (RMA 270) K.1338 (RMA 116A) K.1340 (RMA 46A) Sm.1232		
name broken away	K.854 (RMA 262) K.878 (RMA 130A) K.994 (RMA 160A) K.1320 (RMA 70A) K.1317 (RMA 191A) K.1388 (RMA 6) K.1535 (RMA 277G) K.6078 (RMA 155A) K.12004+ (RMA 274K) K.12176 (RMA 211A) K.12369 (RMA 274L) K.12469 (RMA 36A) K.12555 (RMA 262B) K.13170 (RMA 212A) Sm.508 (RMA 277AC) Rm.209 (RMA 183A) 80-7-19.154 (RMA 19A) 80-7-19.155 (RMA 229A) 80-7-19.343 (RMA 261) 80-7-19.364 (RMA 274M)	81-2-4.108 (RMA 136) 81-2-4.504 (RMA 118A) 82-5-22.54 (RMA 239) 82-5-22.84 (RMA 96A) 82-5-22.87 (RMA 277R) 83-1-18.218 (RMA 194A) 83-1-18.236 (RMA 236G) 83-1-18.292 (RMA 157A) 83-1-18.309 (RMA 277T) 83-1-18.311 (RMA 16C) 83-1-18.317 83-1-18.318 (RMA 277U) 83-1-18.786 (RMA 196A) 83-1-18.870 (RMA 144G) 83-1-18.884 (RMA 277W) 83-1-18.885 (RMA 81I) Bu.89-4-26.61 (RMA 123A) Bu.91-5-9.34 (RMA 216B) Bu.91-5-9.38 (RMA 81A) Bu.91-5-9.58 (RMA 236C)	Bēl-ahb̄-iriba Bēl-īrā LÚ-āšipu Bēl-nāṣer	K.902 (RMA 241) K.188 (RMA 183) K.734 (RMA 83) K.808 (RMA 236) K.12017 (RMA 157C) 81-2-4.81 (RMA 215) 82-5-22.69 (RMA 274P) Bēl-šuma-iškun LÚ-kalū Bēl-upaḥḥer Bēl-ušal[lim]	81-2-4.84 (RMA 218) K.1399 (RMA 24) 83-1-18.775 (RMA 115F) 82-5-22.1778 (RMA 233B) 83-1-18.195 (RMA 18) 83-1-18.296 (RMA 155B) 83-1-18.252 (RMA 235A) Ki.1904-10-9.36 (unp.) K.6149 (RMA 277N) Munnabitu Nabû-abb̄-iddin	K.1305 (RMA 115C) K.1398 (RMA 38) K.2085 (RMA 268 = ABL 1006) K.1373+ (RMA 143) 83-1-18.244 (RMA 163)

Nabû-iqbi mār Kutâ	K.18 (unp.) K.699 (RMA 233) K.744 (RMA 10) K.745 (RMA 177) K.789 (RMA 136M) K.933 (RMA 201A) K.1329 (RMA 144E) K.1380 (RMA 263) Rm.198 (RMA 19 = ABL 1410) 81-24.141 (RMA 112B)	81-2-4.233 (RMA 136H) 82-5-22.51 (RMA 213) 82-5-22.72 (RMA 80A) 82-5-22.156 (unp.) 83-1-18.188 (RMA 249A) 83-1-18.202+ (RMA 22) 83-1-18.219 (RMA 20) 83-1-18.290 (RMA 101A) Bu.91-5.9.9 (RMA 110) Ki.1904-10-9.39 (unp.)	Râšîili	K.119 (RMA 182) K.752 (RMA 85) K.805 (RMA 164) K.807 (RMA 148) K.809 (RMA 66) K.815 (RMA 269) K.843 (RMA 165A) K.849 (CT 28 30) K.850 (RMA 147) K.851 (RMA 244A) K.875 (RMA 236B) K.963 (RMA 245) K.973 (RMA 151A)	K.1310 (RMA 250A) K.1346 (RMA 96B) K.1395 (RMA 59) K.1594 (RMA 277B) Sm.231 (RMA 273) 81-2-4.106 (RMA 173) 82-5-22.50 (RMA 65) 82-5-22.53 (RMA 60) 82-5-22.64 (RMA 142) 83-1-18.230 (RMA 227) 83-1-18.242 (RMA 26) 83-1-18.243 (RMA 33) Bu.89-4-26.166 (RMA 107)
Nabû-iqbi mār Barsip	K.756 (RMA 11) K.793 (RMA 153) K.900 (RMA 5) D.T.304 (RMA 215A) 81-2-4.104 (RMA 240) 81-2-4.107 (RMA 189)	82-5-22.48 (RMA 195) 83-1-18.48 (RMA 155) 83-1-18.186 (RMA 150) 83-1-18.187 (RMA 49) 83-1-18.241 (RMA 112A) 83-1-18.299 (RMA 64)	Râšîili son of Nurzânu	K.698 (RMA 126) K.721 (RMA 130) K.811 (RMA 246) K.904 (RMA 46A)	K.1330 (RMA 174A) K.1331 (RMA 115E) 81-2-4.83 (RMA 101) 82-5-22.74 (RMA 218A)
Nabû-šuma-igkun	K.19 (RMA 215) K.785 (RMA 95) K.791 (RMA 41) K.803 (RMA 17) 80-7-19.55 (RMA 223A)	81-2-4.102 (RMA 151) 82-5-22.59 (RMA 230) 83-1-18.200 (RMA 190) Bu.89-4-26.19 (RMA 277AD)	Kîmûtû	82-5-22.68 (RMA 265C)	83-1-18.245 (RMA 145)
Nâdinu	K.1384 (RMA 274F) K.8393 (RMA 144D)	81-2-4.89 (RMA 226)	Šâpiku	K.178 (RMA 117) K.790 (RMA 265A) K.6184b (RMA 277A)	80-7-19.371+ (RMA 167) 81-2-4.134 (RMA 2) 81-2-4.344 (RMA 262D)
Nergal-ēter	K.701 (RMA 14) K.702 (RMA 272B) K.722 (RMA 78) K.729 (RMA 37) K.739 (RMA 97) K.741 (RMA 30) K.749 (RMA 277 = CT 27 45) K.763 (RMA 123) K.783 (RMA 216C) K.799 (RMA 137) K.842 (RMA 146A) K.856 (RMA 22A) K.901 (RMA 81K) K.907 (RMA 195A) K.972 (RMA 225) K.1302 (RMA 277K) K.1306+ (RMA 144A) K.1309 (RMA 181A) K.1322 (RMA 136T) K.1342 (RMA 207B) K.1369 (RMA 157B)	K.4708+ (RMA 199) K.8861 (RMA 252C) Sm.1062 (RMA 39) Rm.191 (RMA 146) ! Rm.194 (RMA 86) Rm.196 (RMA 162) Rm.197 (RMA 274Q) 81-2-4.103 (RMA 35) 81-2-4.136 (RMA 199A) 81-2-4.138 (RMA 52A) 81-7-27.23 (RMA 208) 82-5-22.49 (RMA 69) 82-5-22.57 (RMA 186) 83-1-18.171 (RMA 154) 83-1-18.172 (RMA 243B) 83-1-18.173 (RMA 79) 83-1-18.208 (RMA 244) 83-1-18.221 (RMA 92) 83-1-18.301 (RMA 277S) 83-1-18.302 (RMA 149) Bu.91-5.9.7 (RMA 115D)	Tabija	K.1392 (RMA 243A) 81-2-4.85 (RMA 12) 83-1-18.179 (RMA 193) 83-1-18.180 (RMA 260)	83-1-18.181 (RMA 222) 83-1-18.182 (RMA 71) Bu.89-4-26.11 (RMA 73) Ki.1904-10-9.28 (unp.)
			Tâb-silli-Marduk	K.754 (RMA 15) K.1308 (RMA 11A)	K.1332 (RMA 194)
			Zâkir	K.770 (RMA 25) K.1345 (unp.) K.6077 (RMA 114A) K.8391 (RMA 272C) D.T.53 (RMA 253C) Rm.201 (RMA 181) 80-7-19.19 (RMA 267A = ABL 416) 80-7-19.59 (RMA 28)	80-7-19.155 (RMA 229A) 81-2-4.143 (RMA 251A) 82-5-22.46 (RMA 234) 82-5-22.67 (RMA 236E) 83-1-18.196 (RMA 183B) 83-1-18.248 (RMA 122) Bu.89-4-26.8 (RMA 108) Ki.1904-10-9.55 (unp.)
			anonymous	80-7-19.60 (CT 28 32) 82-5-22.89 (RMA 124)	83-1-18.234 (CT 27 28) Bu.91-5.9.161 (RMA 135A)
			name broken	K.759 (RMA 184) K.964 (RMA 207A) K.967 (RMA 277I) K.1300 (RMA 277H) K.1307 (RMA 81H) K.1311 (RMA 115B)	K.1314 (RMA 244B) K.1316 (RMA 181B) K.1324 (RMA 136C) K.1336 (RMA 277D) K.1339 (RMA 136C) K.1341 (RMA 56)

name broken	K.1344 (RMA 47A)	80.7-19.355 (RMA 277AB)
	K.1347 (RMA 216A)	81.2-4.88 (RMA 223)
	K.1557 (RMA 277C)	81.2-4.103 (RMA 240)
	K.1592 (RMA 116)	81.2-4.142 (RMA 243C)
	K.1593 (RMA 262C)	81.2-4.145 (RMA 104)
	K.1599 (unp.)	81.2-4.321 (RMA 46B)
	K.1606 (RMA 85A)	81.2-4.483 (RMA 136A)
	K.1921+ (RMA 113)	82.3-23.112 (RMA 277Q)
	K.1927 (RMA 64B)	82.5-22.56 (RMA 53)
	K.1955 (RMA 211C)	82.5-22.64 (RMA 142)
	K.5723 (RMA 56A)	82.5-22.65 (RMA 105)
	K.6182 (RMA 246E)	83.1-18.203 (RMA 45)
	K.8407 (RMA 211B)	83.1-18.212 (RMA 50)
	K.8704 (RMA 236F)	83.1-18.214 (RMA 115A)
	K.8713 (RMA 272)	83.1-18.220 (RMA 160B)
	K.12250 (RMA 211F)	83.1-18.225 (RMA 158)
	K.12281 (RMA 265B)	83.1-18.296 (RMA 155B)
	K.12283 (RMA 23A)	83.1-18.319 (RMA 211D)
	Sm.694 (RMA 115)	83.1-18.322 (RMA 246C)
	Sm.885 (RMA 136U)	83.1-18.718 (RMA 262A)
	Sm.1327 (RMA 214A)	83.1-18.774 (RMA 277V)
	Rm.2.254 (RMA 237A)	83.1-18.834 (RMA 211E)
	Rm.2.345 (RMA 136S)	83.1-18.881 (RMA 116B)
	80.7-19.62 (RMA 81F)	83.1-18.883 (RMA 277Y)
	80.7-19.63 (RMA 44)	Bu.91.5-9.28 (RMA 136R)
	80.7-19.65 (RMA 23)	Bu.91.5-9.29 (RMA 277Z)
	80.7-19.176 (RMA 69A)	

### 3. Oracle queries

Reports of haruspices dating from the Sargonid period have been published in the following two books:

J. Knudtzon, *Assyrische Gebete an den Sonnengott für Staat und königliches Haus aus der Zeit Asarhaddons und Assurbanipals*. Leipzig 1893.

E. Klauber, *Politisch-religiöse Texte aus der Sargonidenzeit*. Leipzig 1910.

A new edition of these texts is in preparation by J. Aro. Insofar as the queries are signed, they are always written by a whole college of haruspices, and there is consequently no purpose in drawing a list of writers like in the preceding sections.

### APPENDIX 2A:

#### DIACHRONIC SURVEY ON THE LETTERS

This appendix has been compiled in order to make available, in concise form, the results obtained through the dating of the letters, and to provide a check of the ensuing historical consequences. It contains a list of all datable letters arranged in chronological order, with a brief résumé of the contents of each letter. Uncertain cases, which also are included, are indicated by question marks; it has to be pointed out, however, that the commentary should be consulted in all instances before drawing any conclusions on the ground of the present list. The statement of the Assyrian dates in terms of the Julian calendar (cf. Appendix 2C) is largely approximate, since sufficient chronological data to form an absolutely certain frame of reference are lacking, and the Julian dates are here given only for the sake of convenience.

Attention should be paid to the following abbreviations and peculiarities in the list

a. = after

b. = before

M.D. = Mesopotamian date

J.D. = Julian date

Regnal years: Ash 3, etc. = Esarhaddon, 3rd year, etc.

Months are mostly expressed by Roman numerals (for the Assyrian months see Appendix 2D): VIb = intercalary Ulūlu, XIIb = intercalary Addaru.

Writers of letters are enclosed in brackets.

J.D.	M.D.	LETTER	CONTENTS
28.III.673 (?)	15.I.Ash 8(?)	345	verbal equinox on 15th Nisanu [anonymous]
January 672(?)	Šabātu Ash 8(?)	325	request for intercalation of the year [Balasā]
February 672(?)	Addaru Ash 8(?)	197-8	mourning the death of Esarhaddon's queen(?) [Marduk-šakin-šumi]
I.IV.672	28.XIb.Ash 8	338	medical [name broken away]
b. 10.IV.672	b. 8.I. Ash 9	1	arrangements for imposing an oath of loyalty on Assyrian scribes [Istar-šumu-ēreš]
18.IV.672	16.I. Ash 9	2	ditto
April(?) 672	Nisanu(?) Ash 9	3	arrangements for oath-taking [Istar-šumu-ēreš]
May 672	Ajaru Ash 9	129	Assurbanipal's nomination as crown prince; reference to the Elamites [Adad-šumu-uṣur]
May 672	Ajaru Ash 9	132	Assurbanipal's nomination as crown prince; reference to the deceased queen [writer's name lost]

J.D.	M.D.	LETTER	CONTENTS
May (?) 672	Ajaru(?) Ash 9	211	magical ritual performed for the king's sister [Nabû-nâdin-šumi]
29.V.672	26.II. Ash 9	300	heliacal rising of Mars portending calamity to the king [Akkullânu]
June 672(?)	Simânu Ash 9(?)	334	expiatory rites on account of the late rise of Mars, addressed to the 'farmer' [anonymous]
29.III.671(?)	6.I. Ash 10(?)	344	vernal equinox on the 6th of Nisanu [anonymous]
a. 12.VII.671	a. 22.IV. Ash 10	34	king's return from his campaign <to Egypt>: assurances of loyalty [Balasî]
a. 12.VII.671	a. 22.IV. Ash 10	59	ditto [Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
22.VII.671	2.V. Ash 10	276	making of the crown of Nabû: riot in Babylon [Mâr-Istar]
July(?) 671	Abu(?) Ash 10	57-58	making of the crown of Nabû [Balasî and Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
a. July 671	a. Abu Ash 10	181	medical: reference to the king's Egyptian campaign [Marduk-šâkin-šumi]
b. 7.X.671	b. 22.VII. Ash 10	249	substitute king ritual [Urad-Nanâ]
end of X.671	Arahsamna Ash 10	277	king's journey to Sur-marrâte; making of god's of Uruk; building operations in Dêr: reference to the Elamite crown prince [Mâr-Istar]
28.XII.671	15.X. Ash 10	40	report on lunar eclipse [Balasî]
28.XII.671	15.X. Ash 10	61	ditto [Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
28.XII.671	15.X. Ash 10	278	ditto [Mâr-Istar]
26.XII.671	13.X. Ash 10	185	magical rites performed on account of a lunar eclipse: commencement of a substitute king ritual [Marduk-šâkin-šumi]
3.I.670	20.X. Ash 10	279	substitute king ritual [Mâr-Istar]
January(?) 670	Šabâtu Ash 10	280	substitute king ritual: reaction of the Akkadians [Mâr-Istar]
March 670	Nisanu Ash 11	281	completion of the crown of Nabû: difficulties in Barsip concerning temple revenues [Mâr-Istar]
April 670 (?)	Ajaru Ash 11(?)	38	king frightened on account of a stroke of lightning: intercalation of the year discussed [Balasî]
a. 3.V.670(?)	a. 22.II. Ash 11(?)	51	king's illness and abstinence from food [Balasî and Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
a. 3.V.670(?)	a. 22.II. Ash 11(?)	143	ditto [Adad-šumu-uṣur]
May 670	Simânu Ash 11	180	king seriously ill [Marduk-šâkin-šumi]
15.IV.670	4.II. Ash 11	282	procession of the Lady of Akkad: building operations in Uruk [Mâr-Istar]
May 670	Simânu Ash 11	246-7	king seriously ill: reference to the quelling of a conspiracy in Assyria [Urad-Nanâ]

J.D.	M.D.	LETTER	CONTENTS
June(?) 670	Du'uzu(?) Ash 11	284	building of Ezida: conjuration of administrative officials of Babylonia; reference to the conspiracy in Assyria; political troubles in South Babylonia [Mâr-Istar]
June(?) 670	Du'uzu(?) Ash 11	159	reference to the recovery of the king [Adad-šumu-uṣur]
July(?) 670	Abu(?) Ash 11	285	reference to the mid-year festival of Babylon [Mâr-Istar]
10.VIII.670(?)	3.VI. Ash 11(?)	286	work on the gods of Ezida [Mâr-Istar]
	[or 667] [or Ash 23]		
b. 12.IX.670	b. 6.Vlb. Ash 11	190	reference to the intercalation of the year and to the mid-year festival of Babylon [Marduk-šâkin-šumi]
12.IX.670	6.Vlb. Ash 11	287	ditto [Mâr-Istar]
September 670	Ulûlu Ash 11	288	ditto [Mâr-Istar]
November 670(?)	Arahsamna Ash 11(?)	196	reference to the Cimmerians [Marduk-šâkin-šumi]
1.XII.670	26.VIII. Ash 11	41	king worried about solar eclipse [Balasî]
b. 17.XII.670	b. 14.VIII. Ash 11	62	prediction of a lunar eclipse [Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
February(?) 669	Šabâtu(?) Ash 11	191	magical
March 669	Addaru Ash 11	106	astrological [name of writer broken away]
March 669	Addaru Ash 11	45	astrological [Balasî]
24.III.669	25.XII. Ash 11	12	astrological [Istar-šumu-ēreš]
26.III.669	27.XII. Ash 11	65	astrological [Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
27.III.669	28.XII. Ash 11	66	ditto [Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
28/9.III.669	29/30.XII. Ash 11	70	ditto [Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
30. III.669	1.I. Ash 12	46	astrological and hemerological [Balasî]
30.III.669	1.I. Ash 12	71	ditto [Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
March 669- June 669	Addaru Ash 11- Simânu Ash 12	54	astrological [Balasî and Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
April 669	Nisanu Ash 12	69	astrological [Nabû-ahhê-erîba]
May 669	Ajaru Ash 12	29	interrupted transport of the statue of Marduk to Babylon [Istar-šumu-ēreš, Adad-šumu-uṣur and Marduk-šâkin-šumi]
3.VI.669	6.III. Ash 12	289	astrological [Mâr-Istar]
b. 11.VI.669	b. 14.III. Ash 12	25	substitute king ritual: forecast of a lunar eclipse [Istar-šumu-ēreš]
11.VI.669	14.III. Ash 12	105	astronomical [name of writer lost]
a. 11.VI.669	a. 14.III. Ash 12	136	substitute king ritual [Adad-šumu-uṣur]
27.VI.669	1.IV. Ash 12	104	astrological [Mâr-Istar]
June 669	Simânu 669		reference to an earthquake and a lunar eclipse [name broken away]
8.VII.669	10.IV. Ash 12	291	building operations in Barsip and Cutha; dismissal of several Babylonian officials by royal decree [Mâr-Istar]

J.D.	M.D.	LETTER	CONTENTS				
July 669(?)	Du'uzu Ash 12(?)	120	astrological and meteorological observations, petition [Adad-šumu-uṣur]				
13.VII.668	30.IV. Asb 1	324	astrological [Balasî]				
a. April 666	a. Nisannu Asb 3	299	astrological and magical [Akkullānu]				
August 666	8.V. Asb 3	298	substitute king ritual [Akkullānu]				
16.VI.657	30.III. Asb 12	110	astrological; reference to the Cimmerians [name of writer lost]	YEAR	DATE	TEXT	WRITER
February 650	1.XII. Asb 18	109	astronomical [Istar-nādin-apli]	679	Nov 10-13	RMA 272	Bēl-uṣṣib
28.V.650	29.II. Asb 19	109	astrological and meteorological omens [name of writer lost]				Venus in Sagittarius; Mars betw. Libra and Scorpion; Jupiter in Leo, turning backwards; lunar eclipse predicted for months Kislimu and Simannu
January 649	1.XI. Asb 19	97	astronomical [Istar-nādin-apli]	677	Oet 8	RMA 183	Bēl-ī
July 648	1.VI. Asb 21	98	astronomical [Istar-nādin-apli]	676	March	ABL 765	Bēl-nāṣer
Letters datable only approximately:				675	Apr 11	RMA 235A	Bēl-šuma-iṣkun
672 or 671 B.C.: 24th Kislimu 173 [Marduk-šakin-šumi]				675	May 21	RMA 67	[. . .]
Kislimu 164 [Adad-šumu-uṣur and Marduk-šakin-šumi]				675	Aug 19	RMA 216	Ašarēdu
after 4th Kanūnu 174 [Marduk-šakin-šumi]				675	Nov 27	RMA 190	Nabū-šuma-iṣkun
5th Kanūnu 163 [Adad-šumu-uṣur and Marduk-šakin-šumi]				675	December	RMA 190A	Aplâ
5th Kanūnu 176 [Marduk-šakin-šumi]				674	Mar 27	RMA 174A	Rāsi-ilî
7th Kanūnu 177 [Marduk-šakin-šumi]				673	February	RMA 272B	Nergal-ēṭer
672-669 B.C.: LAS 7, 130-131, 140, 142, 144, 146-148, 150, 154, 171-172, 175, 199, 201, 224, 228, 250, 258, 264, 295, 318.				673	Mar 29	LAS 345	anymous
670 B.C.: LAS 94, 133, 182, 186-189, 191-192, 283.				673	May 20	RMA 98	Nabū-ahlye-eriba
670-669 B.C.: LAS 159.				673	May 20	RMA 99	Šumāja
669-667 B.C.: LAS 60.				673	May 20	RMA 100	Urad-Ea
666 B.C.: LAS 117, 301-302.				673	May 20	RMA 101A	Nabū-iqbi
673 or 671 B.C.: LAS 149.				673	May 20	RMA 102	Bamāja
670 or 669 B.C.: LAS 101.				673	May 20	RMA 107	Rāsi-ilî mahru
Reign of Esarhaddon: LAS 17, 21, 30-32, 52, 72, 77, 114, 121-126, 135, 137-139, 145, 152, 155-157, 160, 162, 166, 167, 184, 208, 215-220, 222, 223, 230, 232, 235, 238, 240, 257, 275, 292, 294, 297, 317.				672	May 28	LAS 300	Akkullānu
Reign of Assurbanipal: LAS 108, 170, 309-310, 321.				671	Mar 29	LAS 344	anonymous
Total of letters dated exactly: 84 (= 24.4%)				671	Apr 10	RMA 162	Jupiter and Venus moving together on Ajaru 16
Total of approximately dated letters: 97 (= 28.1%)				671	July	ABL 276	Kuduru
Undatable letters (= written in either Esarhaddon's or Assurbanipal's reign): 164 (= 47.5%)							reference to the eclipse of 2nd July (Du'uzu)
Letters assigned to Esarhaddon's reign: 165 (= 91%)							
Letters assigned to Assurbanipal's reign: 16 (= 9%)							

<sup>1</sup> This list is by no means exhaustive. Many more letters and reports could be dated on astronomical evidence; for instance, numerous texts dealing with observation of the moon in relation to the planets and the zodiacal constellations could not be taken into consideration by me, since accurate tables of lunar longitudes and declinations in the period concerned are lacking. I hope that the present list will nevertheless suffice to demonstrate how poorly the rich chronological and astronomical evidence of the reports has been utilized hitherto. — The correctness of the datings is, of course, open to discussion in a number of cases; additional study of the subject is imperative.

YEAR DATE	TEXT	WRITER	DATA	YEAR DATE	TEXT	WRITER	DATA
671 Oct 7	LAS 277	Mär-Istar	Mars moving towards Sagittarius, having left Scorpio; intercalation of the year and an eclipse referred to	669 May 29	RMA 207B	Nergal-ēter	as RMA 207
671 Dec 27	LAS 278.9	Mär-Istar	lunar eclipse in month Kanūnu	669 Jun 3	LAS 289	Mär-Istar	heliacal rising of Jupiter on 6th Simānu
671 Dec 27	ABL 137	Zākir	lunar eclipse on 15th Tebētu (detailed description)	669 Jun 3	RMA 185	Bamāja	as LAS 289
671 Dec 27	LAS 61	Nabû-ahbē-erība	reference to the eclipse of 15th Kanūnu	669 Jun 3	RMA 196	Bulluṭu	as LAS 289
670 May 3	RMA 186	Nergal-ēter	heliacal rising of Jupiter in month Ajaru	669 June	RMA 268	Munnabitu	forecast of the eclipse of 14th Simānu (= 11th June); or is this text to be dated 678 B.C.?
670 May 3	RMA 187A	Ašarēdu mahrū	as RMA 186	669 June	RMA 270.1	[...]	omens relating to the eclipse of 14th Simānu
670 Jul 4	RMA 231	Ašarēdu qatnu	heliacal rising of Mars in month Du'uzu (in Gemini)	669 June	LAS 25	Istar-šumu-ēreš	reference to the lunar eclipse of 14th Simānu
670 Jul 4	RMA 232	Bulluṭu	as RMA 231	669 Jun 11	LAS 105	[...]	report on the lunar eclipse of 14th Simānu
670 Jul 9	RMA 86	Nergal-ēter	Venus standing in front of Orion in month Abu	669 Jun 11ff	LAS 234	[...]	reference to the lunar eclipse of 14th Simānu
670 Aug 3	RMA 235	Akkullānu	Mars moves to Cancer without stopping there: month Abu	669 Jun 28	LAS 290	Mär-Istar	observation of the heliacal rising of Jupiter (cf. LAS 289); written on 1st Du'uzu
670 Aug 3	RMA 236	Bēl-nāṣer	as RMA 235	669 Jul 10	LAS 120	Adad-šumu-uṣur	Venus about to reach Virgo visibility of Mercury expected reference to a solar eclipse that failed to occur
670 Aug 3	RMA 236A	Abhēšā	as RMA 235	669 Jul 8	LAS 291	Mär-Istar	Venus in Leo on 10th Du'uzu
670 Aug 3	RMA 256B	Ba[laš]	as RMA 235	669 Dec 5	RMA 210	Ašarēdu	heliacal setting of Venus in month Kislimu
670 Dec 2	RMA 274G	Nabû-ahbē-erība	report on the non-occurrence a solar eclipse; written in month Kislimu	668 Jul 13	RMA 187	Ašarēdu	heliacal rising of Jupiter in front of Cancer (1st year of [Assurbanipal])
670 Dec 2	LAS 41	Balaš	as RMA 274G	668 Jul 13	LAS 324	[Balaš]	heliacal rising of Jupiter in month Du'uzu (in Cancer)
670 Dec 15	LAS 61	Nabû-ahbē-erība	watch for the lunar eclipse of 17th December	668 Aug 2	ABL 1113	[...]	heliacal rising of Mars in month Abu
670 December	RMA 85	Rāš-ili mahrū	reference to the lunar eclipse of 17th December (Kislimu)	667 April	RMA 274F	Nādinu	prediction of the lunar eclipse of 14th Ajaru (21st April)
669 March	LAS 54	Balaš and Nabû-ahbē-erība	impending conjunction of Mars and Saturn	667 May	RMA 236G	Nabû-ahbē-erība	Mars in Scorpio, retrograde (month Ajaru)
669 Mar 15	RMA 88	Balaš	conjunction of Mars and Saturn on 16th Addaru	667 May 19	RMA 68	Balaš	as RMA 236G (1st Nisannu)
669 Mar 15	RMA 89	Akkullānu	as RMA 88	667 May 19	RMA 70	Nabû-ahbē-erība	as RMA 68
669 Mar 15	RMA 103	Nabû-ahbē-erība	as RMA 88	667 Oct 15	RMA 272A	Akkullānu	report on a lunar eclipse in month Tašritu
669 Mar 15	RMA 167	Šāpiku	as RMA 88 (additional details)	666 August	LAS 298	Akkullānu	reference to a lunar eclipse in Nisannu
669 Mar 15	RMA 172	Ašarēdu mahrū	as RMA 88	666 Sep 1	RMA 233	Nabû-iqbi	heliacal rising of Mars in month Ulūlu
669 Mar 25	LAS 45	Balaš	Mars having a great luminosity from month Addaru till Ajaru	666 Sep 11	RMA 189	Nabû-iqbiša	heliacal rising of Jupiter in month Ulūlu (in Leo)
669 Mar 28	LAS 65.6	Nabû-ahbē-erība	Mercury visible, Venus not yet visible; written on 27th Addaru	666 Sep 11	RMA 191A	[...]	as RMA 189
669 Mar 30	LAS 71	Nabû-ahbē-erība	Mercury shining brightly, Venus not yet visible	666 Sep 21	RMA 195	Nabû-iqbiša	conjunction of Jupiter and Mars (also 9th Nov. 664 possible)
669 Mar 30	RMA 44	[...]	Mercury visible in Aries; written on 30th Addaru; reference to military operations in Egypt	657 March	RMA 264	Istar-šumu-ēreš	dated in the eponym year of Lābāsi
669 Mar 31	LAS 46	Balaš	Mercury shining brightly, written on 1st Nisannu, the month Addaru having 30 days	657 May 16	LAS 110	[...]	reference to a solar eclipse in month Nisannu and to the heliacal rising of Mars (on 16th Ajaru); written on 1st Simānu
669 May 27	RMA 269	Rāš-ili mahrū	annular eclipse of the sun on 29th Ajaru	650 May 30	LAS 109	[...]	Mars in Capricornus, retrograde; wr. after 29th Ajaru
669 May 27	RMA 272C	Zākir	fragmentary, but probably similar to RMA 269	650 February	LAS 96	Istar-nādin-apli	dated 1st Addaru, eponym year of Sagab
669 May 29ff	RMA 207	Šumāja	heliacal rising of Venus in month Simānu; will reach Cancer in 6.7 days	649 January	LAS 97	Istar-nādin-apli	dated 1st Šabatū, eponym year of Bēl-Ḫarrān-ziđī'a
				648 July	LAS 98	Istar-nādin-apli	dated 2nd Du'uzu, eponym year of Bēl-kunnu

Distribution of dates to individual writers

Adad-šumu-uṣur	669
Aḥhēšā	670
Akkullānu	672, 670, 669, 667, 666
Aplā	675
Ašarēdu	669, 668
Ašarēdu maḫrū	675, 670, 669
Ašarēdu qatnu	670
Balasṭ	670, 669 (thrice), 668, 667
Bamāju	673 and 669
Bēl-īṭi	677
Bēl-nāṣer	676 and 670
Bēl-šuma-iškun	675
Bēl-ušēzib	679
Bullutu	670 and 669
Ištar-nādin-apli	650-648
Ištar-šumu-ēreš	669-657
Kudurru	671
Mār-Istar	671 (twice), 669 (thrice), 667(?)
Munnabitu	669 (or 678?)
Nabû-ahhē-erība	673, 671, 670 (twice), 669 (thrice), 667 (twice)
Nabû-iqbi	673, 666
Nabû-iqšā	666 (twice)
Nabû-šuma-iškun	675
Nādinu	667
Nergal-ēter	673, 671, 670 (twice), 669
Rāši-ilī maḫrū	673, 670, 669
Rāši-ilī mār Nurzānu	674
Šāpiku	669
Šumāja	673 and 669
Urad-Ea	673
Zākir	671 and 669

APPENDIX 2C:

TABLE OF CORRESPONDENCIES BETWEEN JULIAN AND ASSYRIAN DATES  
IN THE REIGN OF ESARHADDON

The following table of Julian and Assyrian correlations has been appended in order to facilitate the conversion of Assyrian dates (found in the letters) into Julian ones (found in astronomical and chronological works), and vice versa. The correctness of the table depends on two factors: our ability to identify the leap years in the period concerned and to determine the exact days on which the new moon crescent, signifying the beginning of the Assyrian months, was first observed in Assyria.

Both requirements can be fulfilled only partially at present. The list of leap years is still incomplete, and can be reconstructed reliably only for the time span 680-666 B.C., while the dates on which the months began can be determined only theoretically in the great majority of cases. The dates given in this table are based upon calculation of the relevant new-moon hours by means of P.V. Neugebauer, *Abgekürzte Tafeln des Mondes* (1905); since the number of hours passed after the conjunction until the appearance of the crescent cannot be determined with certainty in each case<sup>1</sup>, and since weather conditions may have prevented observation in many cases<sup>2</sup>, an error of one and possibly even two days is possible all through the line.

The tables are styled after the model of R. Parker - W. Dubberstein, *Babylonian Chronology 626 B.C. - A.D. 75* (Providence, 1956).<sup>3</sup> In view of the many uncertainties discussed above, the dates of the first day of each Assyrian month have been calculated only for the years 675-669, the period to which most of the letters and reports are assigned (see Appendices 2A and B) and where there is some chance to check the results. For other years only the dates of the 1st of Nisannu are given.

<sup>1</sup> See the reservations made in Parker-Dubberstein, *Babylonian Chronology*, p. 25. In choosing the dates for the appearances of the crescent, I have followed a rather arbitrary line: if the computed moment of conjunction falls on the *first half* of the day, *one* day is added; otherwise *two* days are added. E.g., the time of the conjunction being March 14, 15 (hours are expressed in decimals of day), the date of the first visibility of the crescent would be March 15 ( $14 + 1 = 15$ ); conversely, September 28, .93 would yield the date September 30 ( $28 + 2 = 30$ ). This schematic system is admittedly inaccurate, but sufficiently exact for historical and chronological purposes.

<sup>2</sup> See LAS 96-97, 100-102, 119, 323, 329; ABL 162; RMA 87A, 137, 139, 155, 252D, 274, 274B, and the unpublished report 82-5-22, 81 quoted by Oppenheim, *Centaurs* 14 (1969), 120 ("As to the king, my lord, writing me, 'The clouds were thick, how could you observe that the gods saw each other (in opposition)?', (the clouds) broke at the dawn; he revealed himself as if he knew the king, my lord!").

<sup>3</sup> "The dates as given are civil days, from midnight to midnight, although in actual practice the Babylonian day began in each case with the preceding sunset. The dates are those of the first day of each month. Leap years are indicated by italicizing the last figure of the year when it is first given, e.g. 625. The accession year of every king is shown as the last year of his predecessor. In the interest of economy of space, months are designated here not by Roman numerals, but by Arabic numerals; thus 4-5 is April 5." (*Op. cit.*, p. 26).

## 1) List of identified leap years

	B.C.	INTERCALARY MONTH	SOURCE
ESARHADDON			
3rd year	678	a) Ulūlu II [Ass.] b) Addaru II [Bab.]	BT 118:4 (Iraq 25, 86 ff) BM 74497 (BBEA, p. 31)
5th year	676		not attested
8th year	673	Addaru II	ADD 53:5 = AR 258:5
11th year	670	Ulūlu II	see notes on LAS 190
ASSURBANIPAL			
2nd year	667	Ulūlu II	G.R. Driver, <i>Centenary Supplement to the Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society</i> (1924), Pl. IV/V

## 2) Table of Julian and Assyrian correlations

## ESARHADDON

YEAR	B.C.	NIS	AJA	SM	DUZ	ABU	ULU	U II	TAS	ARA	KIS	KAN	SAB	ADD	A II
1	680	4/5													
2	679	3/24													
3	678	3/12													
4	677	3/31													
5	676	3/19													
6	675	4/6	5/5	6/4	7/3	8/2	8/31		1/8	2/6	3/8				
7	674	3/27	4/25	5/24	6/23	7/20	8/20		9/19	10/19	11/17	12/17	1/16	2/15	
8	673	3/15	4/14	5/13	6/11	7/11	8/9		9/7	10/7	11/5	12/5	1/4	2/3	3/4
9	672	4/3	5/3	6/1	7/1	7/30	8/28		9/26	10/26	11/24	12/24	1/23	2/21	
10	671	3/23	4/22	5/21	6/20	7/20	8/18		9/16	10/16	11/14	12/18	1/12	2/10	
11	670	3/12	4/11	5/10	6/9	7/9	8/7	9/6	10/5	11/4	12/3	1/1	1/31	2/29	
12	669	3/30	4/28	5/28	6/27	7/26	8/25		9/24	10/23	11/22	12/21	1/20	2/18	

## ASSURBANIPAL

1	668	3/19
2	667	3/8
3	666	3/29
4	665	3/17

## APPENDIX 2D:

## MESOPOTAMIAN CALENDAR AND TIME MEASURING

1. In the period covered by this study the Assyrian calendar was composed of lunar months, which began when the thin crescent of the new moon was first visible in the sky at sunset. Since the lunar year was about eleven days shorter than the solar year, it was necessary at intervals to intercalate a thirteenth month, either a second Ulūlu (the sixth month) or a second Addaru (the twelfth month) in order that New Year's Day, Nisanu I, should not fall much before the vernal equinox (28th March).<sup>1</sup>

The month names current in the Neo-Assyrian period (and used in this book) were as follows:<sup>2</sup>

I	Nisanu
II	Ajāru
III	Simānu (or Simannu)
IV	Du'uzu
V	Abu
VI	Ulūlu
VII	Tašritu
VIII	Arahsamna
IX	Kishimu
X	Kanūnu (in the Babylonian calendar, = Ṭebētu)
XI	Šabātu
XII	Addaru.

2. The days began with the sunset; it has to be noted that the evenings (*nubattu*) and nights (*mūštu*) thus belonged to different days. The twenty-four-hour day was divided into day and night consisting of six 'double-hours' (*bēru*) each. The hours of day were expressed by means of 'double-hours' after the sunrise, those of night by means of watches (called the evening watch, the middle watch, and the morning watch) each of which consisted of two 'double-hours'. Since the length of the day and night varies depending on the time of the year, the length of the 'double-hours' came to vary accordingly. The 'double-hours of day' (*bēr ūmi*) and 'double-hours of night' (*bēr mūšti*) were equal only on the equinoxes.

3. For measuring the time, the Assyrians of the Sargonid period had at least three means at their disposal, each of which sufficed for exact results: sundial to be used in the daytime, clepsydra, and sidereal clock<sup>3</sup>. There is ample evidence showing that the Assyrians (and Babylonians) measured time in real (i.e., equal) hours, but wide use was never made of this possibility<sup>4</sup>. In practice the length of the daily hours and the night watches

<sup>1</sup> Cited from Parker-Dubberstein, *Babylonian Chronology* (1956), p. 1, *mutatis mutandis*.

<sup>2</sup> The transcription of individual month names is not absolutely certain, since the names are mostly written with logograms and syllabic spellings are rare. The present list follows the spellings of month names found in Jb 1:221-233 (MSI, V 25ff).

<sup>3</sup> See B.L. van der Waerden, *Anfänge der Astronomie*, p. 63, 75ff.

<sup>4</sup> *Op. cit.*, p. 89: "Anderseits benützen die älteren astrologischen Texte die volkstümliche Einteilung von Tag und Nacht. Das Omen einer Finsternis hängt von der Wache ab, in der sie stattfindet."

was determined by means of handy tables based on schematic and not very exact theory about the variation of daylight on solstices and equinoxes.<sup>1</sup> Hence the theoretical and practical lengths of hours and night watches may have differed considerably from each other. This is a fact that has to be taken into account especially in determining, by means of modern computations, the watches in which a given eclipse occurred in antiquity.<sup>2</sup>

## APPENDIX 3A:

## PLANETARY TABLES FOR YEARS 680-663 B.C.

The tables of this appendix are meant to ease the checking of the astronomical arguments used in the dating of the letters, and to help in the dating of other documents from the same period. They are primarily devised to show, at one month intervals, in which *zodiacal constellations* the planets *Venus*, *Mars*, *Jupiter* and *Saturn*<sup>1</sup> were to be found during the years 680-663 B.C., to which span of time most of the letters belong<sup>2</sup>. In addition to this, they also contain important details relating to the movements of the planets. The *retrograde period* of the planets (which, in the case of Mars, coincides with its greatest *luminosity*) is pointed out by a line to the left of each column (short dashes indicating the moments during which the planets halted before reversing their drift). The hatched areas mark the periods when the planets were *behind the sun* or too close to it to be seen well. An *E* in the *Venus* column means that the planet was seen as an *evening star*, an *M*, as a *morning star*.

Combining all these indications, it is easy to get a fairly accurate picture of what was going on in the sky at the time concerned. Naturally, these tables do not suffice when exact details (e.g., concerning the magnitudes, heliacal risings and settings, and exact longitudes at a given time) are required. In such cases it is necessary to consult the more accurate tables listed in the bibliography.

The present tables are based on the data of W. Stahlman - O. Gingerich, *Solar and Planetary Longitudes for Years -2500 to +2000* (Wisconsin, 1963). The longitudes given for the zodiacal constellations on p. XIII of that work could not be accepted, however, alone for the reason that these had not yet been reduced to schematic *signs* in Neo-Assyrian times; to arrive at the correct figures, one has to take into consideration the respective vernal point (the sun's place in the zodiac on the vernal equinox) and the actual limits of the zodiacal constellations. After the 7th century B.C., the equinoxes have shifted about 37° to the west, and instead of Pisces, the sun then stood right in the middle of Aries (cf. Appendix 3D). The limits assigned to the zodiacal signs in preparation of the present tables are as follows:

CONSTELLATION	LONGITUDE IN DEGREES
Aries	350 to 10
Taurus	15 to 47
Gemini	53 to 78
Cancer	85 to 96
Leo	103 to 140
Virgo	140 to 185
Libra	185 to 197
Scorpio	200 to 230
Sagittarius	233 to 253
Capricornus	267 to 290
Aquarius	290 to 310
Pisces	310 to 350

<sup>1</sup> See the ivory prism published by S. Langdon, *Babylonian Menologies*, pp. 55-64 (cf. HKI, I 279).

<sup>2</sup> Cf. van der Waerden, *op.cit.*, p. 89f.

<sup>1</sup> Mercury was not included because of its rapid movement and short periods of visibility.

<sup>2</sup> Cf. Introduction, p. 50f., and Appendices 2A and B.

The dates in these tables are given in terms of the Julian calendar; in order to convert them into their Assyrian equivalents, it is necessary to compare the list of correspondences given in Appendix 2C. To avoid unnecessary checking, the beginnings of Assyrian years are roughly indicated by a dividing line, and the corresponding Julian dates for the 1st of Nisanu are added in parentheses to the left margin. The circles in the right margin refer to Appendix 3B: blank circles denote eclipses of the moon that were not visible in Mesopotamia, hatched circles, actually observed eclipses.

YEAR	DATE	VENUS	MARS	JUPITER	SATURN
680	JAN 7		Scorpio	Taurus	Taurus
	FEB 6		Sagittarius	Taurus	Taurus
	MAR 8	Aries E	Sag.-Capr.	Gemini	Taurus
(5/4)	APR 7	Taurus E	Capricornus	Gemini	Taurus
	MAY 7	Gemini E	Aquarius	Gemini	
	JUN 6	Leo E	Pisces		Taurus
	JUL 6	Leo-Virgo E	Pisces	Gemini	0
	AUG 5	Virgo E	Pisces	Gemini	Taurus
	SEP 4	Libra E	Pisces	Cancer	Taurus
	OCT 4	Scorpio E	Pisces	Cancer	Taurus
	NOV 3		Pisces	Cancer	Taurus
	DEC 3	Scorpio M	Pisces	Cancer	Taurus
	JAN 2	Scorpio M	Aries	Cancer	Taurus
	FEB 1	Sag.-Capr. M	Taurus	Cane.-Gem.	Taurus
	MAR 3	Aquarius M	Taurus	Cane.-Gem.	Taurus
(24/3)	APR 2	Pisces M	Taurus	Cancer	Taurus
	MAY 2	Aries M	Gemini	Cancer	
	JUN 1	Taurus M		Cancer	
	JUL 1		Leo		Gemini
	JUL 31		Leo		Gemini
	AUG 30		Leo		Gemini
	SEP 29		Virgo	Leo	Gemini
	OCT 29	Scorp.-Sag. E	Libra	Leo	Gemini
	NOV 28	Capricornus E	Scorpio	Leo	Gemini
	DEC 28	Aquarius E	Scorpi.-Sag.	Leo	Gemini
	JAN 27	Pisces E	Sagittarius	Leo	Gemini
	FEB 26	Taurus E	Capricornus	Leo	Gemini
(12/3)	MAR 28	Taurus E	Aquarius	Leo	Gemini
	APR 27	Gemini E	Aquarius	Leo	Gemini
	MAY 27		Pisces	Leo	
	JUN 26	Taurus M	Aries	Leo	Gemini
	JUL 26	Gemini M	Taurus		Gemini
	AUG 25	Cane.-Leo M	Taurus		Gemini

YEAR	DATE	VENUS	MARS	JUPITER	SATURN
677	SEP 24	Leo M	Taurus	Leo	
	OCT 24	Virgo M	Taurus	Virgo	
	NOV 23	Scorpio M	Taurus	Virgo	
	DEC 23	Sagittarius M	Taurus	Virgo	
	JAN 22		Taurus	Virgo	
	FEB 21		Taurus	Virgo	
	MAR 22		Gemini	Virgo	
	APR 21		Gemini	Virgo	
	MAY 21	Gemini E	Cancer	Virgo	
	JUN 20	Leo E	Leo	Virgo	
	JUL 20	Virgo E	Leo	Virgo	
	AUG 19	Virgo E		Virgo	
676	SEP 18	Scorpio E			
	OCT 18	Sagittarius E		Virgo	
	NOV 17	Capricornus E		Virgo	
	DEC 17	Capricornus E	Sagittarius	Virgo	
	JAN 16		Sag.-Capr.	Virgo	
	FEB 15		Capricornus	Virgo	
	MAR 17	Aquarius M	Aquarius	Virgo	
	APR 16	Pisces M	Pisces	Virgo	
	MAY 16	Aries M	Aries	Virgo	
	JUN 15	Taurus M	Taurus	Virgo	
	JUL 15	Gem.-Cane. M	Taurus	Virgo	
	AUG 14	Leo	Taurus-Gem.	Virgo	
675	SEP 13		Gemini	Libra	
	OCT 13		Gemini		
	NOV 12		Gemini	Scorpio	
	DEC 12		Gemini	Scorpio	
	JAN 11	Aquarius E	Gemini	Scorpio	
	FEB 10	Pisces E	Gemini	Scorpio	
	MAR 12	Taurus E	Gemini	Scorpio	
	APR 11	Gemini E	Cancer	Scorpio	
	MAY 11	Cancer E	Leo	Scorpio	
	JUN 10	Leo E	Leo	Scorpio	
	JUL 10	Leo E	Leo	Scorpio	
	AUG 9		Virgo	Scorpio	Leo
(6/4)	SEP 8	Leo M	Virgo	Scorpio	Leo
	OCT 8	Leo M	Virgo	Scorpio	Leo
	NOV 7	Virgo M			Leo
	DEC 7	Libra M		Sagittarius	Leo

YEAR	DATE	VENUS	MARS	JUPITER	SATURN	YEAR	DATE	VENUS	MARS	JUPITER	SATURN
674	JAN 6	Sagittarius M		Sagittarius	Leo		APR 20	Aries M	Leo	Pisces	Leo
	FEB 5	Capricornus M	Aquarius	Sagittarius	Leo		MAY 20	Taurus M	Virgo	Pisces	Leo
	MAR 7	Pisces M	Pisces	Sagittarius	Leo		JUN 19		Virgo	Pisces	Virgo
(27/3)	APR 6		Pisces	Sagittarius	Leo		JUL 19		Virgo	Aries	Virgo
	MAY 6		Aries	Sagittarius	Leo		AUG 18		Libra	Aries	Virgo
	JUN 5		Taurus	Sagittarius	Leo		SEP 17		Scorpio	Aries	
	JUL 5		Taurus	Sagittarius	Leo		OCT 17	Scorpio E	Sagittarius	Pisces	Virgo
	AUG 4	Virgo E	Gemini	Sagittarius			NOV 16	Sagittarius E	Sag.-Capr.	Pisces	Virgo
	SEP 3	Virgo E	Gem.-Canc.	Sagittarius	Leo	670	DEC 16	Aquarius E	Capricornus	Pisces	Virgo
	OCT 3	Scorpio E	Cancer	Sagittarius	Leo		JAN 15	Pisces E	Aquar.-Pisc.	Aries	Virgo
	NOV 2	Sagittarius E	Leo	Sagittarius	Leo		FEB 14	Aries E		Aries	Virgo
	DEC 2	Capricornus E	Leo		Leo	(12/3)	MAR 16	Taurus E			Virgo
	JAN 1	Pisces E	Leo		Leo		APR 15	Gemini E			Virgo
	FEB 1	Pisces E	Cancer	Capricornus	Leo		MAY 15			Taurus	Virgo
	MAR 1		Cancer	Capricornus	Leo		JUN 14	Taurus M	Gemini	Taurus	Virgo
(15/3)	MAR 31		Canc.-Leo	Capricornus	Leo		JUL 14	Gemini M	Gemini	Taurus	Virgo
	APR 30	Pisces M	Leo	Capricornus	Leo		AUG 13	Cancer M	Cancer	Taurus	Virgo
	MAY 30	Taurus M	Leo		Leo		SEP 12	Leo M	Leo		
	JUN 29	Taur.-Gem. M	Virgo	Capricornus	Leo		OCT 12	Virgo M	Leo	Taurus	Virgo
	JUL 29	Gemini M	Virgo	Capricornus	Leo		NOV 11	Libra M	Virgo	Taurus	Virgo
	AUG 28	Leo M	Libra	Capricornus		0	DEC 11	Scorpio M	Virgo	Taurus	Virgo
	SEP 27	Virgo M	Scorpio	Capricornus	Leo	669	JAN 10	Capricornus M	Virgo	Taurus	
	OCT 27		Scorp.-Sag.	Capricornus	Virgo		FEB 9		Virgo	Taurus	
	NOV 26			Capricornus	Virgo		MAR 10		Virgo	Taurus	Virgo
	DEC 26	Capricornus	Capricornus	Capricornus	Virgo	(30/3)	APR 9		Virgo	Taurus	Virgo
	JAN 25	Aquarius	Aquarius		Virgo		MAY 9		Virgo		Virgo
	FEB 24	Pisces	Pisces	Aquarius	Leo		JUN 8	Cancer E	Virgo	Taur.-Gem.	Virgo
(3/4)	MAR 26	Taurus E	Pisces	Aquarius	Leo		JUL 8	Leo E	Libra	Gemini	Virgo
	APR 25	Gemini E	Aries	Pisces	Leo		AUG 7	Virgo E	Scorpio	Gemini	Virgo
	MAY 24	Cancer E	Taurus	Pisces	Leo		SEP 6	Libra-Scor. E	Scorpio	Gemini	Virgo
	JUN 24	Leo E	Taur.-Gem.	Pisces	Virgo		OCT 6	Sagittarius E	Sagittarius	Gemini	
	JUL 24	Virgo E	Gemini	Pisces	Virgo		NOV 5	Capricornus E	Capricornus	Gemini	Libra
	AUG 23	Libra E	Cancer	Pisces			DEC 5	Capricornus E	Aquarius	Gemini	Libra
	SEP 22	Scorpio E	Leo	Aquarius	Virgo	668	JAN 4		Pisces	Gemini	Libra
	OCT 22		Leo	Aquarius	Virgo		FEB 3		Pisces	Gemini	Libra
	NOV 21	Libra M	Leo	Pisces	Virgo		MAR 5	Aquarius M	Aries	Gemini	Libra
	DEC 21	Scorpio M	Virgo	Pisces	Virgo	(18/3)	APR 4	Pisces M		Gemini	Libra
	JAN 20	Sagittarius M	Virgo	Pisces	Virgo		MAY 4	Aries M		Gemini	Libra
	FEB 19	Capricornus M	Leo		Virgo		JUN 3	Taurus M			Libra
	MAR 21	Pisces M	Leo	Pisces	Virgo		JUL 3	Gemini M			Libra
(23/3)							AUG 2	Leo M		Cancer	Libra

YEAR	DATE	VENUS	MARS	JUPITER	SATURN		YEAR	DATE	VENUS	MARS	JUPITER	SATURN
667	SEP 1		Leo	Cancer	Libra		664	NOV 14		Pisces	Virgo	
	OCT 1		Leo	Cancer	Libra	0		DEC 14		Pisces	Libra	Scorpio
	OCT 31		Virgo	Cancer				JAN 13		Aries	Libra	Sagittarius
	NOV 30		Virgo	Cancer	Scorpio			FEB 12		Taurus	Libra	Sagittarius
	DEC 30	Aquarius E	Libra	Cancer	Scorpio			MAR 14	Aries E	Taurus	Libra	Sagittarius
	JAN 29	Pisces E	Scorpio	Cancer	Scorpio							
	FEB 28	Aries E	Scorpio	Cancer	Scorpio							
	(7/3)											
	MAR 30	Taurus E	Sagittarius	Cancer	Scorpio							
	APR 29	Gemini E	Sagittarius	Cancer	Libra	0						
666	MAY 29	Leo E	Scorpio	Cancer	Libra		663	JUN 12	Cancer E	Cancer	Virgo	Scorpio
	JUN 28	Leo E	Scorpio	Leo	Libra			JUL 12		Virgo	Scorpio	
	JUL 28		Scorpio		Libra			AUG 11		Libra	Scorpio	0
	AUG 27	Leo M	Sagittarius	Leo	Libra			SEP 10		Libra	Scorpio	
	SEP 26	Leo M	Sag.-Capr.	Leo	Scorpio			OCT 10			Libra	Sagittarius
	OCT 26	Virgo M	Capricornus	Leo		0		NOV 9	Libra M	Libra	Scorpio	Sagittarius
	NOV 25	Libra M	Aquarius	Leo	Scorpio			DEC 9	Scorpio M	Scorpio	Scorpio	
	DEC 25	Scorpio M	Pisces	Leo	Scorpio			JAN 8	Sagittarius M	Sagittarius	Scorpio	Sagittarius
	JAN 24	Capricornus M	Pisces	Leo	Scorpio			FEB 8	Capricornus M	Sag.-Capr.	Scorpio	Sagittarius
	FEB 23	Aquarius M	Aries	Leo	Scorpio			MAR 9	Aquarius M	Capricornus	Scorpio	Sagittarius
(28/3)	MAR 25	Pisces	Taurus	Leo	Scorpio							
	APR 24		Taur.-Gem.	Leo	Scorpio	0						
	MAY 24			Leo	Scorpio							
	JUN 23			Leo	Scorpio							
	JUL 23		Leo	Leo	Scorpio							
	AUG 22	Virgo E			Scorpio							
	SEP 21	Scorpio E	Virgo	Virgo	Scorpio							
	OCT 21	Sagittarius E	Virgo	Virgo		0						
	NOV 20	Capricornus E	Libra	Virgo								
	DEC 20	Aquarius E	Scorpio	Virgo	Scorpio							
665	JAN 19	Pisces E	Scorpio	Virgo	Scorpio							
	FEB 18	Aries E	Sagittarius	Virgo	Scorpio							
	(16/3)											
	MAR 19		Sag.-Capr.	Virgo	Scorpio							
	APR 18	Pisces M	Capricornus	Virgo	Scorpio							
	MAY 18	Aries M	Aquarius	Virgo	Scorpio							
	JUN 17	Taurus M	Aquarius	Virgo	Scorpio							
	JUL 17	Gemini M	Aquarius	Virgo	Scorpio							
	AUG 16	Leo M	Aquarius	Virgo	Scorpio							
	SEP 15	Leo M	Aquarius		Scorpio							
	OCT 15	Virgo M	Aquarius	Virgo	Scorpio							

## APPENDIX 3B:

GRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF THE LUNAR ECLIPSES  
VISIBLE IN MESOPOTAMIA IN YEARS 679-663 B.C.

This appendix has been devised to alleviate the identification of the lunar eclipses reported in the present letters and related contemporary texts. For this purpose, I have tried to show, on the ground of the data supplied by modern canons of eclipses, how these eclipses were actually seen by their ancient observers. The drawings represent the *disc of the moon*, divided into four quadrants (cf. Appendix 3D), in the middle of each eclipse in question; the dark areas represent the *shadow thrown by the earth*. The *direction* in which the shadow shifted is indicated by a vector; the ends of the vectors signify the *initial and terminal points* of the eclipses, respectively.

It has to be pointed out that, in the drawing of the figures, the following extents were regarded as constant:

Width of the moon's disc  $30^\circ = 0.5^\circ$

Width of the shadow of the earth  $105^\circ = 1945^\circ$

The drawings are based on the data of P.V. Neugebauer - O. Hiller, *Spezieller Kanon der Mondfinsternisse* (Kiel, 1934), which gives the following list of lunar eclipses for years 680-663 B.C. (E = Eintrittswinkel, A = Austrittswinkel, L = longitude):

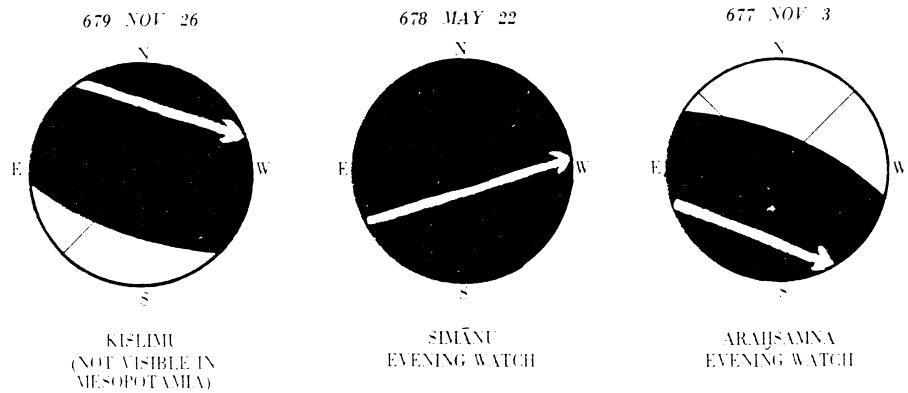
ECLIPSE	LOCAL TIME OF BABYLON				INCHES	E	A	L
	I	II	III	IV				
680 JUL 11-12	22 <sup>h</sup> 4	-	-	0 <sup>h</sup> 3	370	31°	331°	28099
679 JUN 2	1.6	-	-	2.8	1.5	179	215	242.7
679 NOV 26	13.3*	-	-	16.3*	7.6	32	290	57.8
678 MAY 22	17.7*	18 <sup>h</sup> 6?	20 <sup>h</sup> 2	21.1	18.0	122	278	232.7
677 NOV 3	17.4?	-	-	20.0	6.5	109	201	35.1
675 MAR 21	7.4*	-	-	10.2*	6.7	162	256-	173.0
674 SEP 3-4	23.2	0.2	1.9	2.9	21.0	67	239	333.2
673 FEB 27	17.9	-	-	20.2	5.0	66	346	151.5
673 AUG 23	6.0*	-	-	8.1*	3.4	121	191	322.4
671 JAN 7	14.0*	-	-	17.1?	11.1	129	251	101.0
671 JUN 2	19.4?	-	-	22.7	10.9	53	293	272.1
671 DEC 27-28	23.9	1.0	2.5	3.6	18.0	84	236	90.0
670 DEC 17	3.7	-	-	5.3	2.1	28	332	78.7
669 JUN 11	1.8	-	-	2.8	1.0	169	197	251.7
668 OCT 25	14.9*	-	-	17.5?	6.7	118	210	25.5
667 APR 21	16.8*	17.8*	19.6	20.6	21.3	104	288	203.4
667 OCT 15	3.8	4.8	6.4?	7.4*	22.4	72	272	14.7

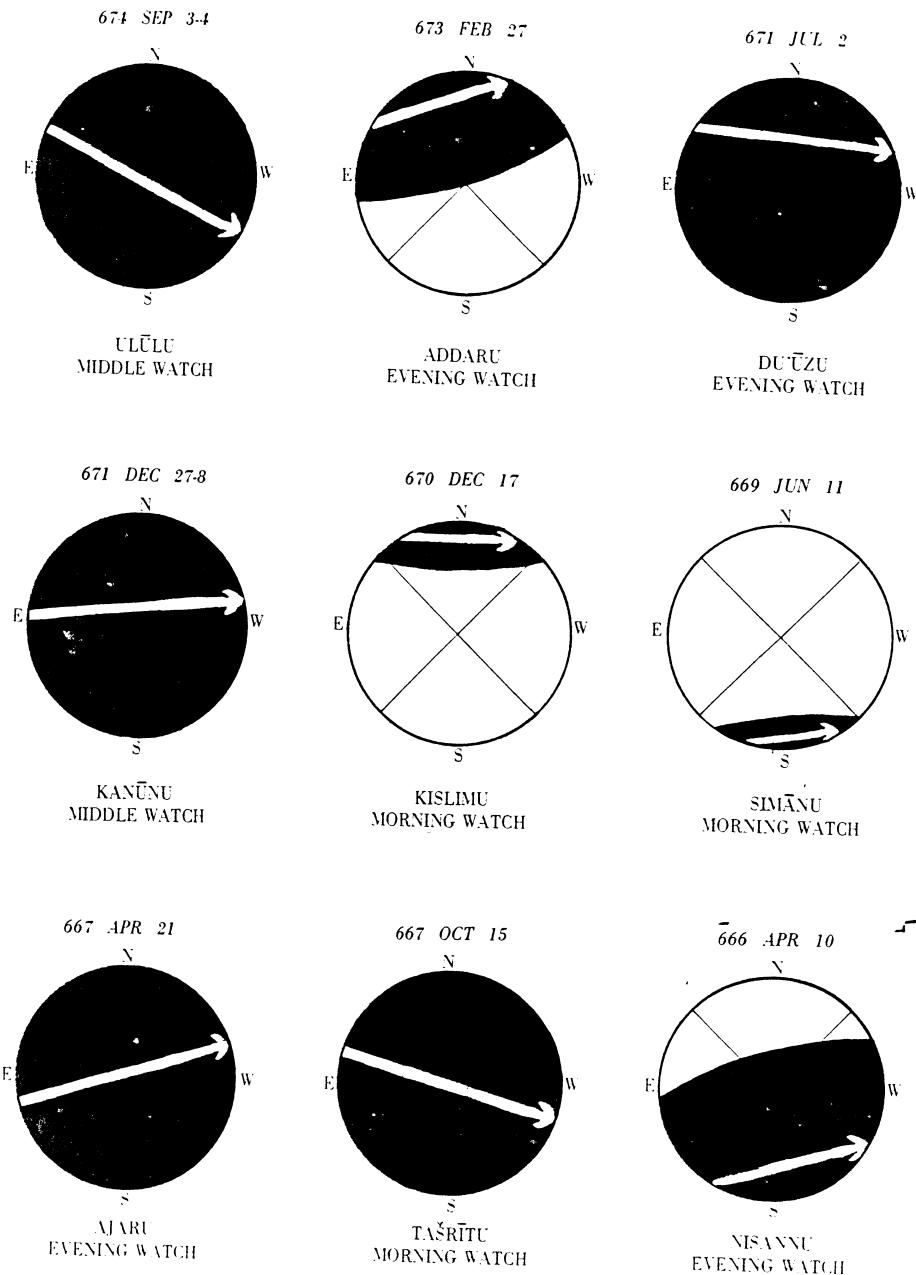
ECLIPSE	LOCAL TIME OF BABYLON				INCHES	E	A	L	
	I	II	III	IV					
666 APR 10	19.0	-	-	-	21.7	5.9	154	242	192.7
666 OCT 4	20.2	-	-	-	22.8	7.4	29	295	4.0
664 FEB 17	16.4*	-	-	-	19.3	9.6	69	317	142.4
664 AUG 14	1.4	-	-	-	4.3	7.4	119	219	313.2
663 FEB 7	7.6*	8.5*	10.1*	11.0*	19.3	110	272	132.0	
663 AUG 3	1.0	2.1	3.8	4.9?	20.2	77	267	302.2	

Not all of the 23 eclipses listed above were visible in Mesopotamia (the asterisks denote phases whose visibility is virtually excluded), and still fewer are reported in contemporary documents. I have been able to identify only the following eleven:

- 679 NOV 26 (= Babylonian month Kislimu): predicted in RMA 272
- 678 MAY 22 (= Simānu): predicted in RMA 272 (and, perhaps, RMA 268 and 270)
- 677 NOV 3 (= Arahsamna): mentioned in ABL 765 and RMA 235A
- 673 FEB 27 (= Addaru): predicted in RMA 272B
- 671 JUL 2 (= Du'uzu): referred to in ABL 276
- 671 DEC 27 (= Tebētu): reported in ABL 137, LAS 61 and 278-279
- 670 DEC 17 (= Kislimu): predicted in RMA 85, attested indirectly in LAS 41 and 61
- 669 JUN 11 (= Simānu): predicted in RMA 268, 271 and LAS 25; reported in LAS 105 and 234
- 667 APR 21 (= Ajaru): predicted in RMA 274F
- 667 OCT 15 (= Taṣritu): predicted in LAS 286(?), reported in RMA 272A
- 666 APR 10 (= Nisannu): referred to in LAS 298.

These eclipses and the intervening one of 3rd September, 674, which certainly was visible but has not been attested so far, were taken into consideration in preparing the following drawings. In addition to the data presented graphically, the Assyrian months and night watches in which the eclipses occurred have been registered in each case to ease the identifications. Details found in the above list are not repeated.

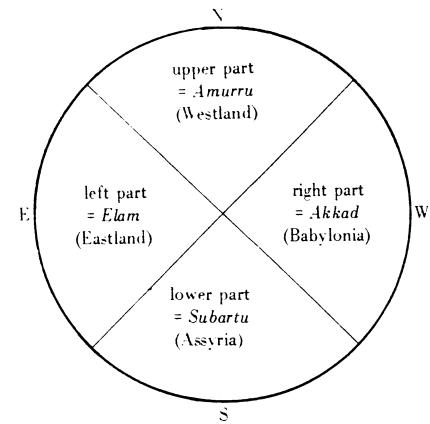




## APPENDIX 3C:

## INTERPRETATION OF LUNAR ECLIPSES

## 1) Significance of the eclipsed moon quadrants

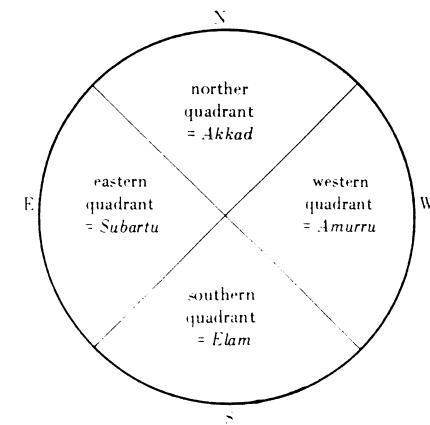


Cf. RMA 268 = ABL 1006, obv. 11f:  
 $15 \text{ } d30 \text{ KUR URKI } 150 \text{ } d30 \text{ KUR NIM.MAKI}$   
 $e-la-a-ti \text{ } d[30 \text{ KUR MA}]RKI sap-la-a-ti \text{ } d30 \text{ KUR SU.}$   
 $\text{BR}_4 \text{ KI}$

"The right part of the moon (signifies) Akkad, the left part of the moon. Elam: the upper part of the [moon, Amurru], and the lower part of the moon, Subartu."

For additional evidence, see A. Schott, ZA 47, p. 107 f.

## 2) Significance of the direction in which the shadow of the earth drifts

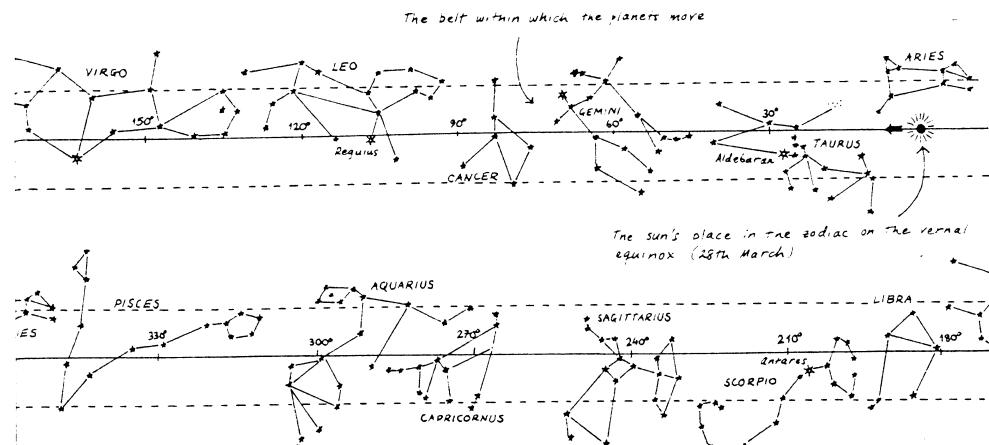


Cf. RMA 268 = ABL 1006, obv. 8ff:  
 $mi-ni-tu AN.MI-šá a-na UGU IMGALLU u IMMAR.$   
 $TU il-ta-ha-at HUL šá KUR NIM.MAKI u KUR MAR.$   
 $TUKI ul-tu IMKUR.RA u IMSLA KI(?) šá(?) im-mer$   
 $SIG_5 šá Su-bar-tu_4 KI u URKI-i$   
 See also ZA 47, p. 107 f.

"its calculated eclipse drifted towards the South and the West, (that means) bad fortune to Elam and Amurru; its(?) disc(?) cleared from the East and the North, good fortune to Subartu and Akkad."

## APPENDIX 3D:

## 1) SUN'S WAY THROUGH THE ZODIAC

(after H.A. Rey, *A New Way to See the Stars* (London 1966), p. 131)

## 3) Significance of the months

I Nisānu	V Abū	IX Kislimu	= Akkad
II Ajaru	VI Ulūlu	X Kanūnu	= Elam
III Simānu	VII Tašritu	XI Šabātu	= Amurru
IV Duššu	VIII Arahsamma	XII Addaru	= Subartu

See ACh 2 Spl. 19:13-15 and *passim*.

## 4) Significance of the days

13th day	=	Akkad
14th day	=	Elam
15th day	=	Amurru
16th day	=	Subartu

See, e.g., ACh 2 Spl. 19:16; RMA 156 r2, 271:10.

## 5) Significance of the night watches

Evening watch	=	Akkad
Middle watch	=	Subartu
Morning watch	=	Elam

See ACh 2 Spl. 19:12-13; RMA 270 r10, 271:10, etc.

## 2) SUN'S DAILY COURSE IN DIFFERENT SEASONS

(= THE WAYS OF THE ANU, ENLIL, AND EA STARS)

(after E. Weidner, *Handbuch der Babylonischen Astronomie I* (Leipzig 1915), p. 47)