

The Šamšī-Adad I Inscription from Nineveh

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Examination of the Šamšī-Adad fragments from Nineveh, published by R. Campbell Thompson in AAA 19 (1932) pp.105-7 and pls.81-4 (nos.260 A-K and 268), most of which are in the British Museum, confirms the join no.260 A+F suggested by R. Borger (EAK 1 p.11). Three fragments, no.260 H, I and J, cannot at present be located in the British Museum and are perhaps to be found in the Iraq Museum, Baghdad. Part of no.260 G is also missing as is shown by the copy below. Five new fragments have now come to light, one of which comes from the excavations of Hormuzd Rassam, three from L.W. King's excavations, and one, overlooked by him in his publication, from Campbell Thompson's excavations. One of these also joins the previously published no.260 G. Continuing Campbell Thompson's alphabetical designations of the different fragments, and regarding no.268 as L, the new fragments are:

- M. Th. 1932-12-10, 20 (III 17-18, IV 17-19.)
- N. 80-7-19, 211 (II 19, III 17-22, IV 21-22)
- O. Ki. 1904-10-9, 364 = BM 99331 (II 13-15.)
- P. Ki. 1904-10-9, 365 = BM 99332 (II 17-22, III 20-26.)
- Q. Ki. 1904-10-9, 366 = BM 99333 (II 19-21.)

The provisional line numbering follows the forthcoming edition to be published by the RIM project, RIMA 1. An additional fragment (R) is published in YOS 9 no.70.

